

15 763 & 765 N. Spring St. (formerly San Fernando)

El Centro de Estudios Racionales

El Centro de Estudios Racionales (Rational Studies Center) operated at these locations between 1912 and early 1913. The center operated a school that utilized the educational principles developed by Catalan anarchist, Francisco Ferrer Guardia, who argued that education was the key to the emancipation of the working class.

In February 1913, the center moved to La Casa del Obrero Internacional on Yale Street but returned to this location seven months later after a dispute between the PLM and Spanish anarchist, J.F. Moncaleano.

16 767 N. Spring Street (formerly San Fernando St.)

General Anarchist Space

Between 1914 and 1917, this location was a shared space for several anarchist organizations including the I.W.W. and the Mexican Liberal Party. The space provided a reading room with current anarchist newspapers – including *Regeneración* and the IWW newspaper, *El Rebelde*.

A Spanish anarchist, P.C. Paulet acted as a librarian. The Centro de Estudios Racionales (Rational Studies Center) moved to this location in February 1914. Odilon Luna, a known member of the Partido Liberal Mexicano (PLM) acted as a secretary for the school.

17 769 N. Spring Street (formerly San Fernando St.)

La Rivolta

Beginning in June 1914, a new Italian anarchist group, “La Rivolta”, began meeting at this location. It is believed that this group produced an Italian anarchist publication with the same name. The group was connected to the Galleanist movement, a movement rooted in the ideas of direct action and was responsible for a series of bombings throughout 1919. According to the Los Angeles Times, anarchist meetings were still taking place at this location in 1917.

18 771 N. Spring Street (formerly San Fernando St.)

Home and business of Nicolas Massaro

Nicholas Massaro was an Italian anarchist, who was involved with the Italian Liberal Club - an organization that support the Mexican Liberal Party. According to the FBI, Massaro was suspected of several acts, although he was never formally charged.

19 738 New High Street

Home of Peter Paulet

Peter Paulet was a Spanish anarchist who played a critical role in bringing the Ferrer school movement to Los Angeles. his involvement in the city’s anarchist movement was brief, due to his death in May of 1916.

20 727 New High Street

Lodging House Explosion

This is one of the earliest sites connected with the anarchist movement in Los Angeles. In May 1892, an explosion destroyed a portion of this home after an unknown person placed an explosive device at a boarding house that once stood at this location. The media was quick to connect the incident with possible anarchists in the city. Ironically, this was also where Maria Belletich, wife of anarchist, August Belletich was arrested for running a speakeasy in 1920.

21 615 New High

Home of Rafael Adames

This was once the home of Rafael Adames, the I.W.W. man killed during the Christmas Day Riot of 1913. On January 3, 1914, friends gathered at this location to honor the fallen comrade. A few songs were sung and mourners passed through the little room where the body lay in a coffin, made by I.W.W. members. Once mourners paid their respects, a procession carried the body to the Odd Fellows cemetery, where the body was laid to rest.